

May 20, 1986

HONORING ROBERT McNEIL,  
SAN GABRIEL VALLEY NAACP'S  
DISTINGUISHED CITIZEN

HON. ESTEBAN EDWARD TORRES

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1986

Mr. TORRES. Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues in Congress to join me in honoring the service and dedication of Robert McNeil, a member of the Baldwin Park City Council.

On June 7, 1986, Mr. McNeil will receive the Distinguished Citizen Award from the San Gabriel Valley Branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People [NAACP]. He will receive this award at the NAACP's San Gabriel Valley Branch Annual Awards and Freedom Fund Banquet. The proceeds from the banquet will enable the San Gabriel Valley NAACP to expand its community activities in the East Valley and begin much needed youth programs during the 1986-87 fiscal year.

Mr. Speaker, it is an honor for me to recognize my friend, Councilman Robert McNeil from the city of Baldwin Park. He was first elected to the city council in 1978 and has served continuously for over 8 years. As a councilman for Baldwin Park he serves as first vice president to the League of California Cities, chairman of the board of the Mid-Valley Manpower Consortium, and as a member of the transportation commission for the Southern California Association of Governments. He has consistently worked to better the well-being of the residents of Baldwin Park.

Councilman McNeil is a native of Lillington, NC, and attended A&T University of Greensboro as well as Hampton Institute in Hampton, VA. He came to California with his wife, Julia, in 1964 and settled in Baldwin Park where they raised their family. He started working at Baldwin Park Post Office and recently retired from the Los Angeles County Assessor's Office as a real estate appraiser.

Since moving to Baldwin Park, Councilman McNeil has been exceptionally active. He has been involved with the local PTA, school sports clubs and the Lions Club. His efforts helped organize and bring the first City of Hope Auxiliary to Baldwin Park. He is recognized by his friends and neighbors as a leader of the community.

Mr. Speaker, I want to commend the dedication and commitment Councilman McNeil has given to the city of Baldwin Park. His leadership has furthered the reputation and economic status of the city. I want to congratulate him for receiving the NAACP's Distinguished Citizen Award.

FRANKLIN H. GOTTSBALL TO BE  
HONORED

HON. GUS YATRON

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1986

Mr. YATRON. Mr. Speaker, on June 4, 1986, the Boyertown Area Historical Society will honor one of the most notable contributors to the preservation of the historical and cultural heritage of eastern Pennsylvania, Mr. Franklin H. Gottshall. An octogenarian, Mr.

Gottshall has spent a lifetime observing and chronicling the rich and varied history of our area.

In the course of his life, Mr. Gottshall has pursued a number of interests and, to this day, he is still a master craftsman, a teacher, and a lecturer. He is the author of 16 highly acclaimed books and is widely recognized as one of the most distinguished authorities on the history and culture of our area. Though in his eighth decade, he still continues to work and write each day and often contributes articles to esteemed national periodicals.

The Boyertown Area Historical Society will be honoring Mr. Gottshall for his immeasurable contribution to our knowledge and understanding of the history of the eastern region and its multifaceted cultural heritage. Mr. Speaker, I know my colleagues will join me in commending Mr. Franklin H. Gottshall for his life's work and dedication to the preservation of eastern Pennsylvania's history and culture and in wishing him continued success and happiness.

JOHN SANDERS OF DANVILLE, IL  
HONORED

HON. TERRY L. BRUCE

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1986

Mr. BRUCE. Mr. Speaker, on June 21, 1986, the United States sends a scholar, John Sanders of Danville, IL, to Israel for the 6 weeks Seminars Abroad Program. This program, funded through the Fulbright Foundation, has awarded these grants since 1946 in an effort to foster better understanding between the people of the United States and other countries. Toward that end, we could send no finer American representative than John Sanders.

John has taught for more than 30 years and has been recognized many times in his profession. The Governor of Illinois named John as a master teacher. He also received the teacher of the year award at Danville High School and has been recognized for his excellence in teaching by the University of Chicago and Illinois State University.

John is literally an inspiration to his colleagues. Last fall he was asked to deliver the keynote address at a New York teachers conference. His address, "What Do I Do? I Teach" was reminiscent of his earlier speech in Illinois. "I Teach Because I Love People."

In these statements, John points out that love of humanity, and pride in one's profession are the core that leads to true excellence in education. This is the excellence that John Sanders has practiced in Illinois for over 30 years.

One of America's recent heroes, Christa McAuliffe, said "I touch the future, I teach." John Sanders has touched the lives and altered the future of thousands in his long career and those of us privileged to live with him here in central Illinois are better for it.

His roles have been many: Husband, his wife Judith, also at Danville High School; father, three sons, Kevin, Kerry, and John; grandfather to Sharon, Heather, and Justin; teacher; and now Fulbright scholar.

Mr. Speaker, Danville and the State of Illinois, take great pride in the excellent scholar

we send to Israel to represent American ideas, as well as American ideals, John Sanders.

A TRIBUTE TO MR. ROBERT LEE  
PAGE

HON. HOWARD COBLE

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1986

Mr. COBLE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to congratulate one of my constituents, Mr. Robert Lee Page, who has been named the 1986 North Carolina Small Businessman of the Year by the U.S. Small Business Administration. Mr. Page represents a success story that I think my colleagues would like to know.

Mr. Page is the president of Replacements, Ltd., a business which locates and sells discontinued crystal and china. During the past 4 years, he turned what began as a weekend hobby into a multimillion-dollar business. Replacements, Ltd., opened in the back room of a brick building on Holbrook Street in Greensboro with only one part-time employee and earned \$52,000 in sales during the first year. Today, the business, still located on Holbrook Street, but now in an 18,000-square-foot facility, employs 50 people and had sales of \$4 million in the past year.

I feel that Mr. Page is an excellent choice for the SEA honor. The success of Replacements, Ltd., is a perfect example of how important small businesses are to our economy. Robert Lee Page took an interest in collecting crystal and china and turned it into a thriving business that employs 50 people and serves more than 170,000 clients. Since serving on the House Small Business Committee, I have seen how small businesses create most of the new jobs in our economy, and that's why it's important to recognize successful firms such as Replacements, Ltd.

Mr. Page is also active in the Greensboro community. He has contributed to Greensboro area athletic teams and the Triad Council on Alcohol and Drug Awareness, and has sponsored an Indian foster child for 15 years. I am pleased that the SEA selected someone as worthy as Robert Lee Page. I am also pleased that the Sixth District is the home of the 1986 Small Business Person of the Year winner.

REMEMBERING NYDIA MEYERS

HON. CARL D. PURSELL

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1986

Mr. PURSELL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in memory of an outstanding woman who played an important role in one of the communities I represent from Michigan's Second District.

Earlier this month, Mr. Speaker, Mrs. Nydia Meyers passed away at the age of 73. As I mentioned, she was an outstanding woman who long will be remembered by the people of Tecumseh, MI.

Dr. Meyers' work in cancer research continues to be recognized in the science community. Holding degrees from the University of Michigan and Stanford, Dr. Meyers taught for

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REAL TRADE REFORM

HON. DAN COATS

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1986

Mr. COATS. Mr. Speaker, there should be no one in this Chamber who would seriously argue against the need to reform our trade laws. I have been supporting a series of measures designed to help solve America's trade problems, which I would like to take a moment to discuss.

First, recognizing that a substantial component of our massive trade deficit is a result of an extensive list of industry-specific unfair trade barriers, I cosponsored and supported H.R. 3131, the Telecommunications Trade Act, which seeks to obtain reciprocal treatment for U.S. telecommunications exports.

On a broader scale, the Energy and Commerce Committee, on which I serve, has documented counterfeiting, quota fraud, targeting, dumping, subsidization, other tariff and nontariff barriers to U.S. exports, copyright and trademark theft, and predatory import surges as elements of our trading situation that can, and must, be resolved if we are to begin to stop the job and economic losses our U.S. industries are facing.

I think our inability to respond to these practices is partly a result of our trade policy decisionmaking apparatus which is too divided and cumbersome. Some 25 departments and agencies administer our trade laws. This structure needs to be consolidated. Therefore, I introduce H.R. 4383 to establish a single, unified Department of Trade to do just that.

Finally, and most importantly, our trade laws are not geared to providing balanced, speedy, and effective relief. They need to be modernized to respond to the new realities of world trade. If trade remedies or negotiating leverage are available too little or too late, they may as well not be available at all. If there is no real impetus for our trade officials to act, no pressure to seek solutions, there will be no progress in reducing our trade deficit.

For all of these reasons, I joined in the efforts of the Energy and Commerce Committee last fall to draft a bipartisan, far-reaching and fair trade reform bill. We carefully excluded from that bill mandatory tariffs and quotas, performance requirements, sector-specific relief, industrial policy, and GATT violative remedies or requirements. We introduced H.R. 3777, the Trade Law Modernization Act, and that bill was ordered reported by our committee on November 25, 1985, by an overwhelming bipartisan majority.

I hoped that H.R. 3777 would be the broad reform bill around which a bipartisan majority in the Ways and Means Committee and the House could rally. I hoped Congress could present a bill like H.R. 3777 to the President for his signature. In my work on this issue, I, along with my Republican and Democratic colleagues, have sought to solve our trade problems with realistic legislation that could be enacted into law. We wanted action, not political posturing, and not political confrontation.

Now I am deeply disappointed this is not what is occurring. The legislative process on trade reform has deteriorated into partisan, political posturing by the majority. The Democrats have presented to this House a bill that

25 years both here in America and abroad—teaching at all levels, I might add.

Her teaching experience included serving as head of the chemistry department at Findlay College in Findlay, OH.

Born in Russia, Dr. Meyers married another outstanding person, Mr. Allen Meyers. Mr. Meyers was an aviation pioneer. He designed and built the Meyers 200, a widely acclaimed plane which was well-known in aviation circles.

He ran his business, and promoted aviation in general, from the Al Meyers Airport in Tecumseh.

Since his death 10 years ago, Mrs. Meyers has been active carrying on the memory of her husband. A fitting job since Nydia Meyers, herself, was an airplane enthusiast, holding both personal and commercial pilot licenses.

Through the Allen H. Meyers Foundation, she has given thousands of dollars to students for tuition and other college expenses.

She was an active member of the Tecumseh Chamber of Commerce and recently was appointed to the Michigan Historical Commission/Michigan Historical Observation Committee for the State's 150th-year celebration.

At the time of her death, Mrs. Meyers was involved with preparations for a community-wide celebration of the 50th anniversary of the Al Meyers Airport.

Mr. Speaker, I think it only fitting that I pay tribute to Dr. Meyers at this time.

On July 4, members of the Tecumseh and Lenawee County community will gather in a tribute to a woman whose tireless efforts have helped make life a little nicer for so many. I ask my colleagues to join with me in saying thank you to Nydia Meyers, thank you for doing all you did.

CREDIT UNION LEADER TO  
RETIRE

HON. SANDER M. LEVIN

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1986

Mr. LEVIN of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, it is a privilege for me to pay tribute to Don Murray, who is retiring after nearly 40 years of service to the credit union movement. Don Murray has served Credit Union ONE as treasurer-manager since 1948 when it was known as the Ferrandale Co-op Credit Union. Credit Union ONE is now 75,000 members strong, its growth complemented by the dedication and professionalism of Mr. Murray.

In 1985, he was inducted into the Michigan Credit Union League Hall of Fame and received their distinguished service award. Mr. Murray has served as a trustee of the League of Housing Foundation since 1970, and is a charter member of the League Life Insurance Co. He has served in several positions with the Michigan Credit Union League and the national organization over the years.

On May 22, he will be honored by his family, colleagues, and friends for his years of service and commitment to the development of the credit union system, and his outstanding leadership. I congratulate Mr. Murray on his career accomplishments, and wish him a healthy and happy retirement.

adopts many of the reforms originated in H.R. 3777, but the bill goes much farther to include controversial, radical, and highly protectionist provisions that do not achieve the result of fair and realistic change.

H.R. 4800 has generated business community concern and opposition, adverse reactions from our trading partners, and threats of retaliation. In particular, the sections of the bill requiring tariffs and quotas against countries with high trade balances with the United States, without regard to which products are traded fairly or unfairly with the United States, are not trade law reform—they truly turn trade law on its head. I do not see these changes as necessary or desirable. I feel the same way about sections requiring adherence to world labor standards even if we don't impose those standards in the United States, and those sections establishing a council in Industrial Competitiveness—an undisguised attempt to impose industrial policy on American taxpayers who don't want or need it.

H.R. 4800 is bad trade law because it is excessively protectionist. We need good trade law reform. I have proposed to President Reagan a three-point program to help solve our trade problems. In addition to a Department of Trade, the basic principles of the program are reciprocity and tough, but fair, trade laws and enforcement.

I think there is congressional and public support for these principles of reciprocity and effective laws that are strongly enforced, not for partisan, unworkable attacks on the world trading system. I hope the House will repudiate the politics so obvious in H.R. 4800, I am supporting legislation which will do just that—the Trade Expansion and Competitiveness Act of 1986, H.R. 4530, the Republican alternative to H.R. 4800. This legislation is going to be offered as a substitute to H.R. 4800.

H.R. 4800 is good trade law reform, without going too far. It speaks to every one of the problems we tackled in H.R. 3777. It takes strong action to establish reciprocity and open markets, stop fraud and counterfeiting, and allow U.S. officials to act, and act quickly, to stop unfair trade practices. Adoption of this substitute will tell the world the U.S. Congress is serious about changing our trade laws and improving our trading situation. Nothing in this bill is political—nor is it meant to be. Our industries do not need politics—they need our help. Our unemployed workers don't need a chance—they need an answer that has a chance of becoming law. The substitute provides help and answers. I urge my colleagues to support it.

I want to cite one example of the difference between the Democrat bill and the Republican substitute which illustrates the many ineffective provisions within H.R. 4800. H.R. 4800 purports to help open world markets to U.S. goods, but it contains a provision that is specifically designed to place additional restrictions on exports of Alaskan oil. This looks like a market-closing action to me. It will prevent the United States from acting in a positive way to increase exports and reduce the trade deficit. It is this trade reform, the United States is in trouble. Needless to say, our Republican substitute avoids this kind of fortress America attitude.

I hope this House will adopt the substitute. It is a good bill, and its adoption will keep Members on both sides of the aisle from